



Andy Regier

Public Affairs Specialist - Research Analyst
Manitoba Government and General Employees' Union (MGEU)

OUR AGENDA

01	Understanding The Government
02	Why Elections Matter
03	Lobbying
04	Wrap Up

02

Understanding The Government

Orders of Government



Members of Parliament (MP)
Ridings



Members of the Legislative Assembly (MLA)

Constituencies



Mayors, Reeves, and Councillors
Wards



Chief and Council, AFN, AMC, MKO

The Constitutional Distribution of Legislative Power

Government		Responsibilities	Collaboration with each other
	Federal Government	Deal with all National matters such as: Defense, Immigration, Criminal Law, Works connecting provinces, Banking/Paper Money, Etc.	Provides funding for healthcare, education and infrastructure, and works with the province to make sure national laws are followed
	Provincial Government	Healthcare, Education, Municipalities, Natrual Resources, Prisons, Property and Civil Rights, Etc.	Works with municipal governments to deliver their needed services and with First Nations on shared governance and land rights.
	Municipal Government	Municipal governments include cities, towns and rural municipalities (RMs), which provide services and implement their own by-laws for their areas.	Works with the provincial government to implement services like waste management, and collaborates with First Nations governments on shared services (e.g., water supply)
	First Nations Governments	First Nations governments, under the Indian Act or self-government agreements, elect chiefs and councils and pass by-laws.	Works with the federal government on things that affect Treaty or Aboriginal rights and with the municipal government on their shared sevices (e.g., water supply)

Government Parties In Manitoba











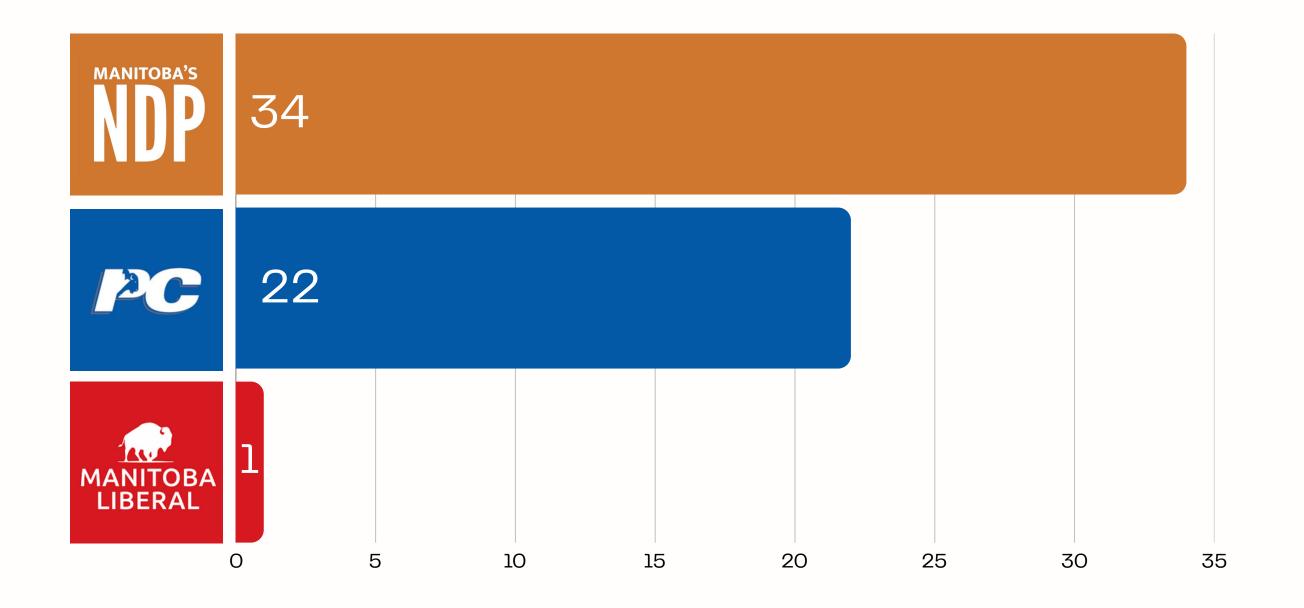
O 2 Why Elections Matter

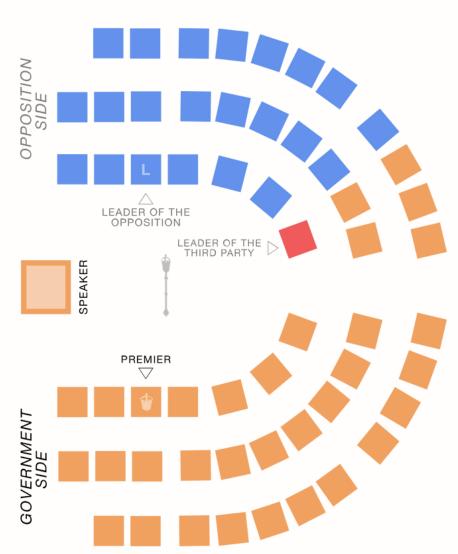
How Elections Work In Manitoba

O1 	Electoral Divisions & Voting Areas
02	Eligibility to Vote & Voter Turnout
03	Candidates & Nominations
04	Voting & Results

Assembly of Manitoba

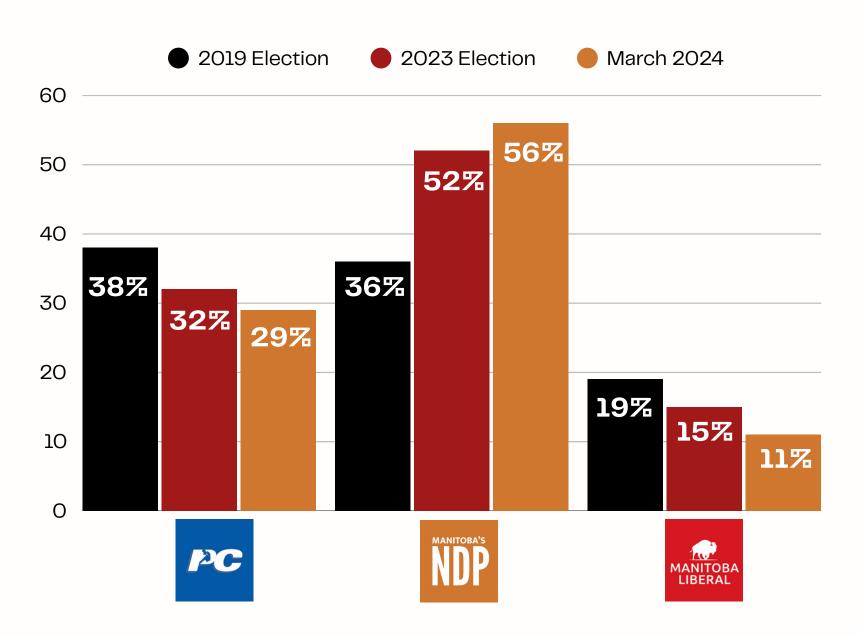
Manitoba has 57 electoral divisions



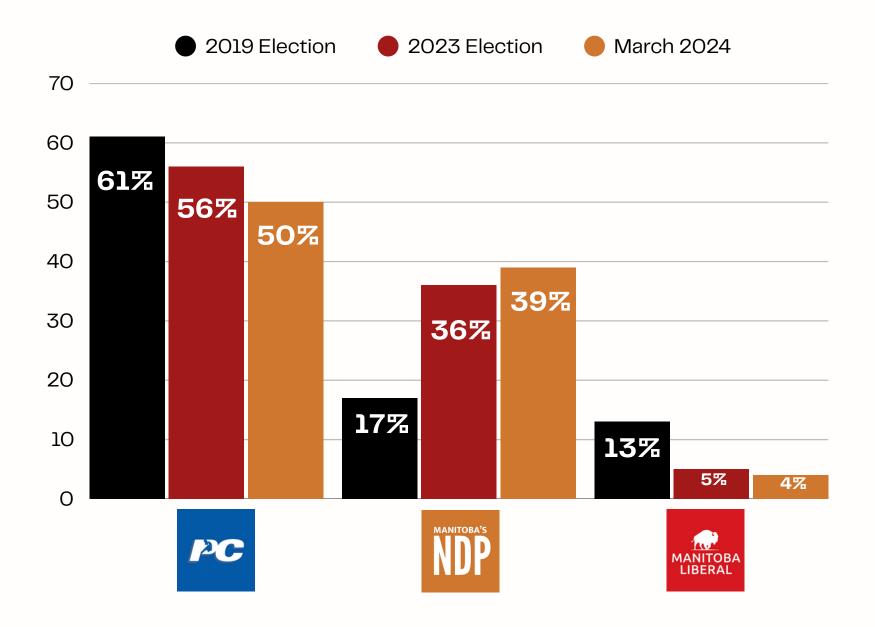


Manitoban Voters Since 2019

Winnipeg Voters



Rural/Northern MB Voters



What Do These Graphs Tell You?

Elections Are Won and Lost IN WINNIPEG

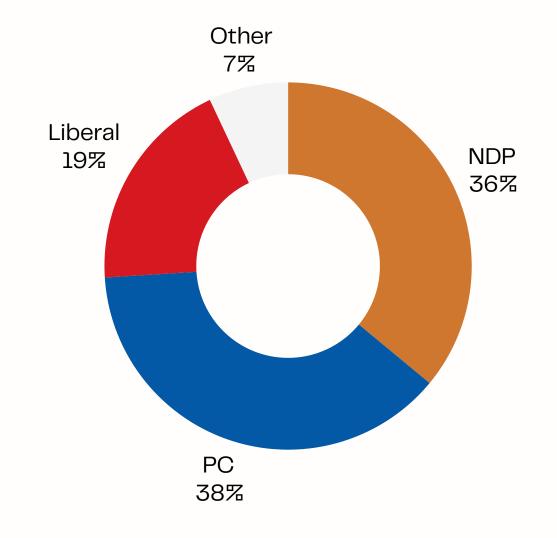
Manitoba has 57 electoral divisions, 32 are in and around Winnipeg.



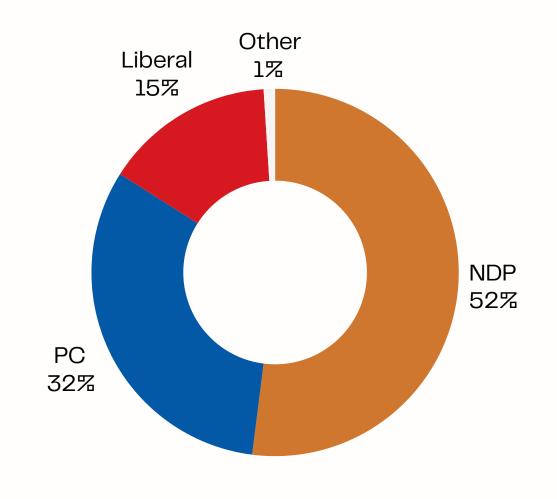




2019 Provincial Election



2023 Provincial Election



Most Important Factors in Elections

Female Voters



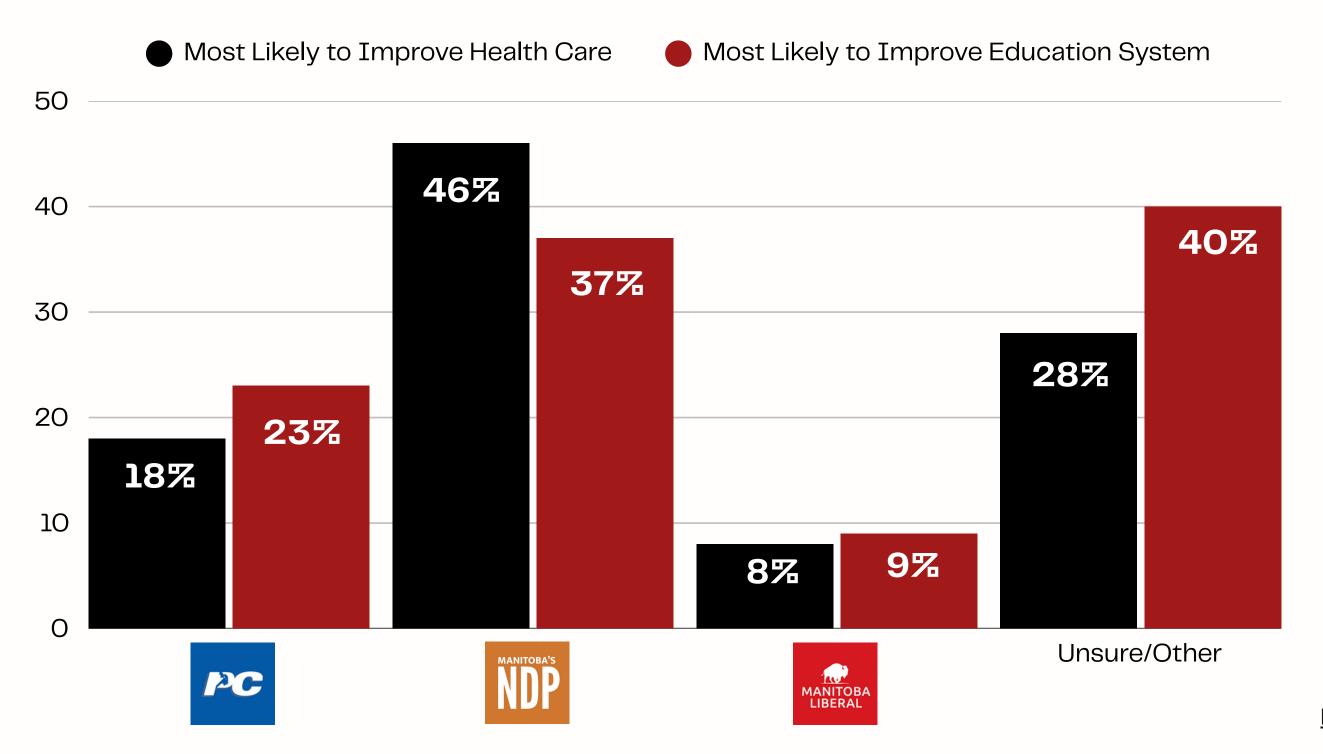
Of Eligible **Females** In Manitoba Voted in 2023



Of Eligible Males In Manitoba Voted in 2023

Healthcare & Education

Before 2023 Election: Manitobans most likely to think the NDP is best positioned to fix healthcare, and improve the education system.



Cobbying Lobbying

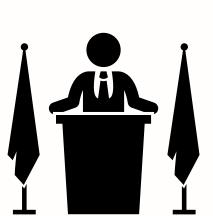
Lobbying For Change



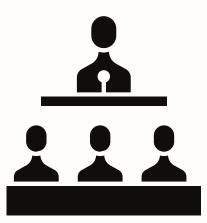
01	What are you trying to achieve?
02	Who is the decision maker?
03	What is your story? And why is it Important?
04	How to Lobby.

The Decision Makers

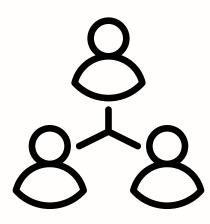
Premier



Cabinet



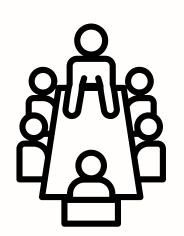
Political Staff



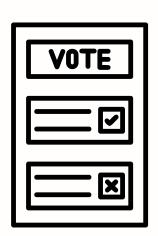
MLA's



Government Officials



Political Parties



Their Pressure Points

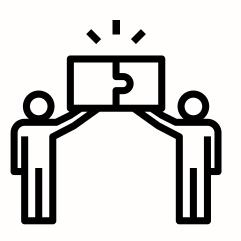


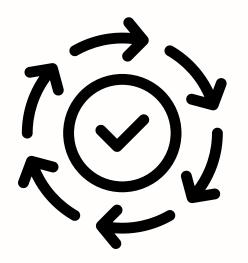
Telling Your Story

CONNECT
CONTRAST
SOLVE

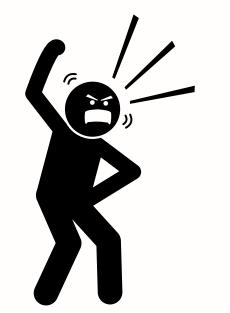
BE CONSISTENT
ON YOUR MESSAGE

TONE











How To

Lobby



01	Know government inside and out – their role, their platforms, contacts, policies, economy and history – legislation.		
02	Research and Knowledge first – then access. It is not just about making the phone call or knowing someone or who to call. You need to know your stuff – more knowledge is important. Know the political landscape, policies and legislations.		
03	Building relationships – with members of parliament, ministers, premiers, deputy ministers and all stakeholders at all levels – not just political figures.		
04	Listen – both to who you are working for and the politicians – know the perspectives, the stories and work within them		

Know government inside and out – their role, their platforms,

Successful Lobbying



Medical students lobby province for harm reduction strategies

Organizing Meetings:

 Met with government officials to discuss the importance of harm reduction and the role of supervised consumption sites.

Presenting Evidence:

 Supported their argument with strategies, like supervised consumption sites. They presented strong, evidence based arguments.

Going to the Media:

 Increased public awareness by engaging with the media, getting their message to reach a bigger audience.

Persistent with Their Issue:

 Had regular communication with provincial leaders over time and respectfully keeping the issue at the front of attention.

Result

Manitoba

Harm-reduction advocates welcome funding commitment for Winnipeg supervised consumption site

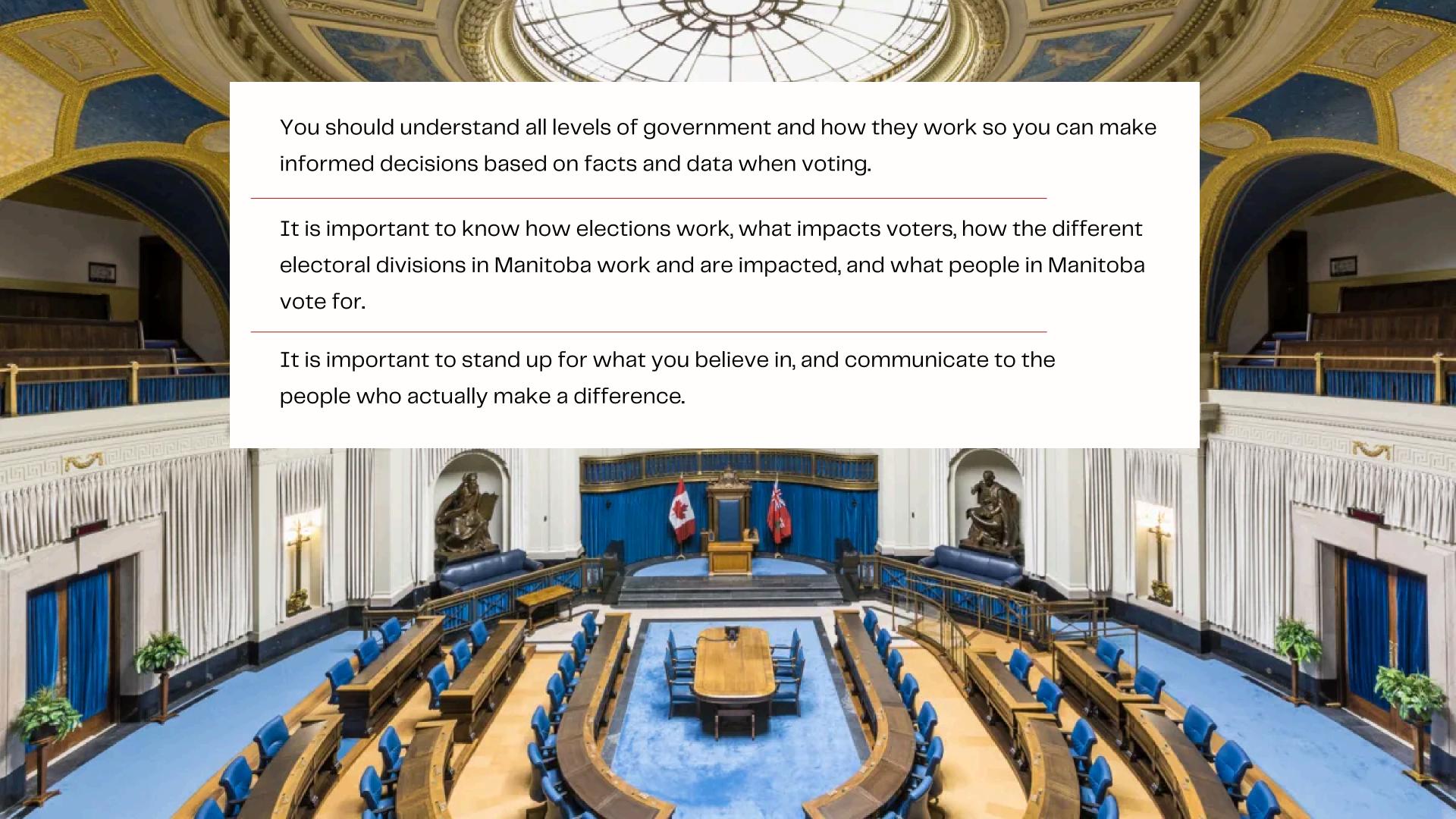
Preliminary consultations set for this year, operation plan expected in 2025

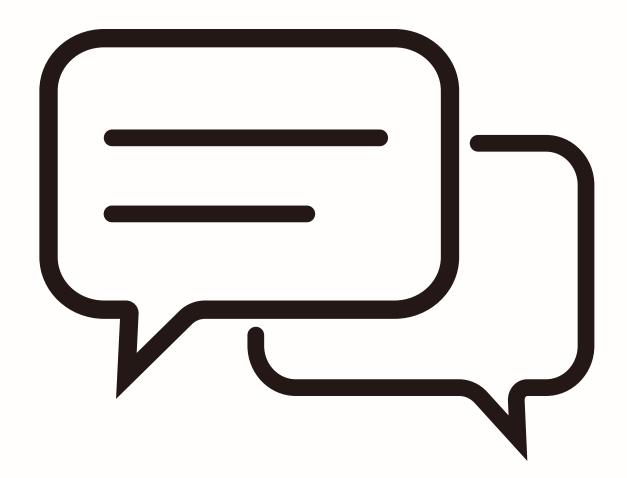


Cameron MacLean · CBC News · Posted: Apr 03, 2024 5:00 AM CDT | Last Updated: April 3, 2024



Who is the most effective lobbyist in your life?





Discussion